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300mA Low-Noise Low-Dropout Linear Regulator

DESCRIPTION

The EUP7967A low-noise, low-dropout, linear regulator operates from a 2.5V to 5.5V input and is guaranteed to deliver 300mA.

The EUP7967A is stable with small 2.2μ F ceramic capacitor. Its performance suits battery powered applications because of its shutdown mode, low quiescent current, and very low dropout voltage. The low dropout voltage allows for more utilization of a battery's available energy by operating closer to its end-of-life voltage.

The EUP7967A is available in 1.2V,1.5V,1.8V,2.5V, 2.8V, 3V ,3.3V and Adjustable versions.

FEATURE

- 300mA Guaranteed Output Current
- 65dB PSRR at 1kHz
- Low Noise Output
- 150mV Dropout at 300mA Load
- Low 84µA No-Load Supply Current
- $\leq 1 \mu A$ Shutdown Current
- Stable With 2.2µF Ceramic Output Capacitors

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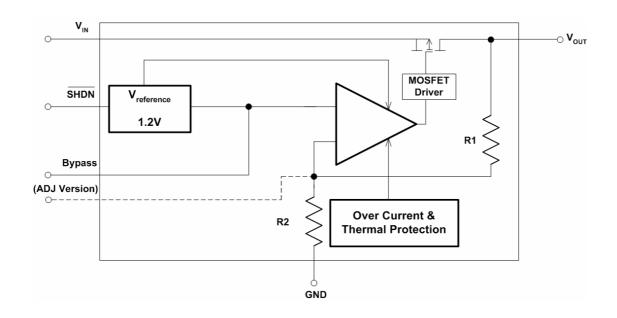
- Thermal Shutdown and Short-Circuit Protection
- SOT23-5 Package
- RoHS Compliant and 100% Lead (Pb)-Free

APPLICATIONS

- Wireless Handsets
- DSP Core Power
- Battery Powered Electronics
- Portable Information Appliance

Block Diagram

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Typical Application Circuit

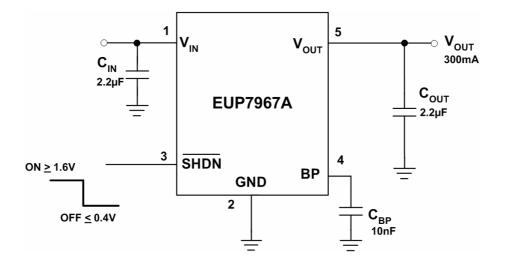


Figure2. Fixed-Voltage LDO Regulator

Pin Configurations

Package Type	Pin Configurations			
	SHDN GND V _{IN} 3 2 1	SHDN GND V _{IN} 3 2 1		
SOT23-5	4 5	4 5		
	BP V _{OUT}	ADJ V _{out}		
	Fixed-Voltage	Adjustable Voltage		

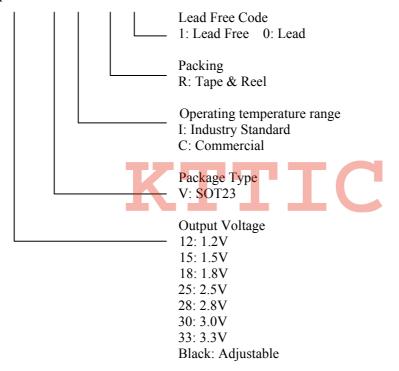
Pin Description

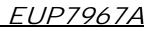
PIN	NAME	DESCRIPTION		
1	V _{IN}	Input voltage of the LDO		
2	GND	Common Ground		
3	SHDN	SHDN places the entire device in shutdown mode when held low		
4	BP	Compensation capacitor for noise reduction		
4	ADJ	Adjustable regulator feedback input. Connect to resistor divider.		
5	V _{OUT}	Output voltage of the LDO		

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Ordering Information					
Order Number	Package Type	Marking	Operating Temperature Range		
EUP7967A-12VIR1	SOT23-5	hT	-40°C to 85°C		
EUP7967A-15VIR1	SOT23-5	h0	-40°C to 85°C		
EUP7967A-18VIR1	SOT23-5	h1	-40°C to 85°C		
EUP7967A-25VIR1	SOT23-5	h2	-40°C to 85°C		
EUP7967A-28VIR1	SOT23-5	h6	-40°C to 85°C		
EUP7967A-30VIR1	SOT23-5	h5	-40°C to 85°C		
EUP7967A-33VIR1	SOT23-5	h3	-40°C to 85°C		
EUP7967AVIR1	SOT23-5	hA	-40°C to 85°C		

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

■ V _{IN} ,V _{EN}	0.3 to 6V
• V _{OUT} 0.3 to (V _{IN}	$(+0.3) \leq 6V$
Junction Temperature	150°C
Storage Temperature	°C to +150°C
Lead Temp	235°C
Pad Temp	235°C
Maximum Power Dissipation SOT23-5	364mW
Thermal Resistance $\theta_{JA}(SOT23-5)$	220°C/W
ESD Rating	
Human Body Model	2kV

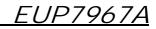
Operating Ratings

-	V _{IN}	 2.5 to 5.5V
-	V _{EN}	 0 to $(V_{IN}+0.3) \le 5.5V$
	Junction Temperature	 -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C

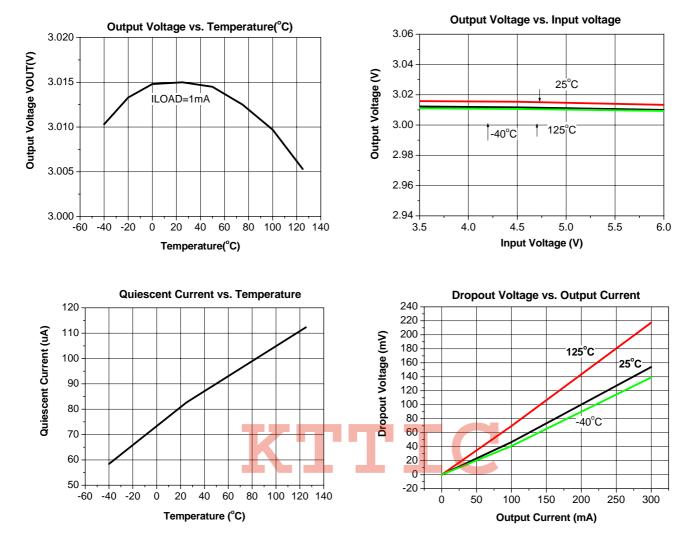
Electrical Characteristics

Unless otherwise specified, all limits guaranteed for $V_{IN} = V_O + 0.5V$, $V_{SHDN} = V_{IN}$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 2.2 \mu F$, $C_{BP} = 10 nF$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

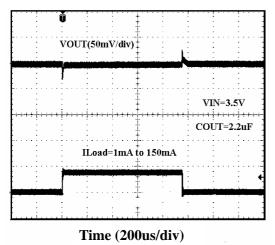
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Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max.	Unit	
$\Delta V_{\rm O}$	Output Voltage Tolerance	$100\mu A \le I_{OUT} \le 300 \text{mA}$ $V_{IN} = V_0 + 0.5 \text{V},$	-3		+3	% of V _{OUT(NOM)}	
Io	Maximum Output Current	Continuous	300			mA	
I _{LIMIT}	Output Current Limit	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $85^{\circ}C$	350	720		mA	
т	Supply Current	I _{OUT} =0mA		84	140	μA	
I _Q	Shutdown Supply Current	$V_0 = 0V$, SHDN = GND			1	μΑ	
V _{DO}	Dropout Voltage	I _{OUT} =300mA		150	200	mV	
ΔV_{O}	Line Regulation	$I_{OUT} = 1 \text{ mA}, (V_0 + 0.5 \text{ V}) \le V_I \le 5.5 \text{ V}$		0.05	0.2	%/V	
-	Load Regulation	$1 \text{mA} \leq I_{\text{OUT}} \leq 300 \text{mA}$		15	35	mV	
e _n	Output Voltage Noise	$I_{OUT} = 10 \text{mA}, 10 \text{Hz} \leq f$ $\leq 100 \text{kHz}$		50		μV_{RMS}	
	SHDN Input Threshold	V_{IH} ,(VO+0.5V) $\leq V_I \leq 5.5V$	1.6			V	
VSHDN		V_{IL} ,(VO+0.5V) \leq V _I \leq 5.5V			0.4		
ISHDN	SHDN Input Bias Current	SHDN =GND or IN		0.1	100	nA	
	FB Input Bias Current (ADJ Version)	V _{IN} =5.5V, V _{FB} =1.3V		1		nA	
V_{FB}	FB Pin Voltage (ADJ Version)	T _A =25	1.176	1.2	1.224	V	
T _{SD}	Thermal Shutdown Temperature			160			
	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			20		°C	
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	V _{IN} =V _{OUT} +1V, f=1kHZ		65		dB	



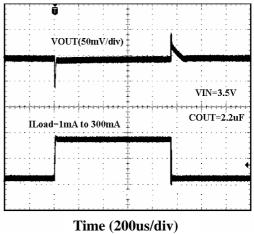
Typical Operating Characteristics



Line Transient Response (ILoad=1mA to 150mA)

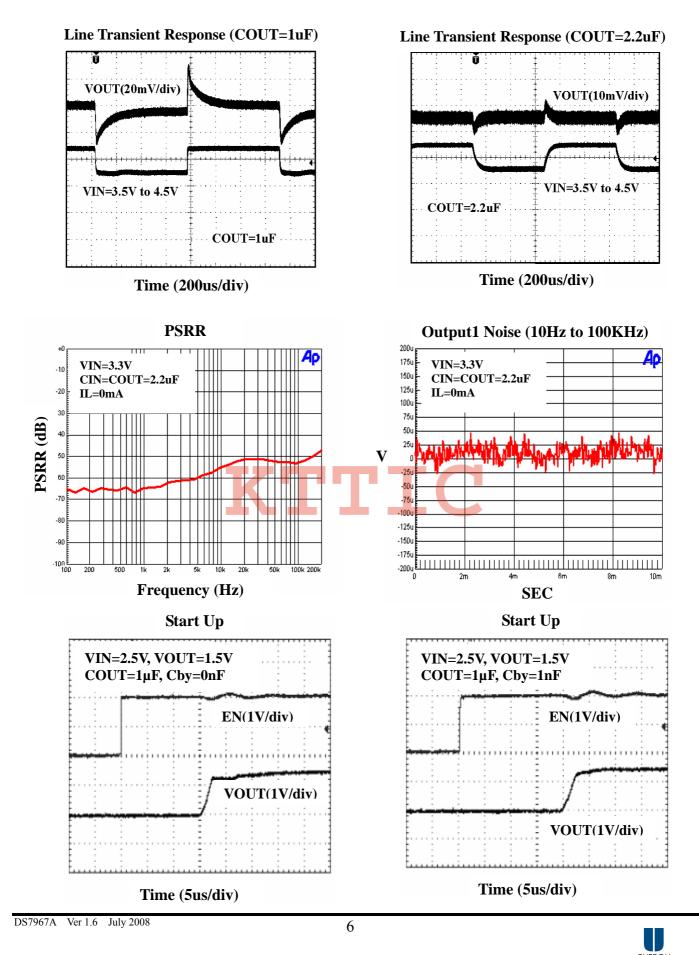


Line Transient Response (ILoad=1mA to 300mA)

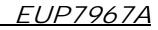


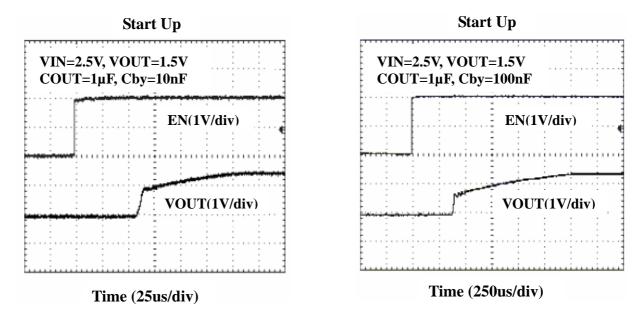
DS7967A Ver 1.6 July 2008





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Application Information

External Capacitors

Like any low-dropout regulator, the EUP7967A requires external capacitors for regulator stability. The EUP7967A is specifically designed for portable applications requiring minimum board space and smallest components. These capacitors must be correctly selected for good performance.

Input Capacitor

A minimum input capacitance of 1μ F is required between the EUP7967A input pin and ground (the amount of the capacitance may be increased without limit). This capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 1cm from the input pin and returned to a clean analog ground.

Any good quality ceramic, tantalum, or film capacitor may be used at the input. If a tantalum capacitor is used at the input, it must be guaranteed by the manufacturer to have a surge current rating sufficient for the application.

No-Load Stability

The EUP7967A will remain stable and in regulation with no external load. This is specially important in CMOS RAM keep-alive applications.

Output Capacitance

The EUP7967A is specifically designed to employ ceramic output capacitors as low as 2.2 μ F. Ceramic capacitors below 10 μ F offer significant cost and space savings, along with high frequency noise filtering. Higher values and other types and of capacitor may be used, but their equivalent series resistance (ESR) should be maintained below 0.5 Ω . Ceramic capacitor of the value required by the EUP7967A are available in the following dielectric types: Z5U, Y5V, X5R, and X7R. The Z5U and Y5V types exhibit a 50% or more drop in capacitance value as their temperature increase from 25°C, an important consideration. The X5R generally maintain their capacitance value within \pm 20%. The X7R type are desirable for their tighter tolerance of 10% over temperature.

Noise Bypass Capacitor

An external 10nF bypass capacitor at BP pin conjunction with an internal resistor creates lowpass filter. Increasing the capacitance will decrease the output noise. This cap is connected directly to a high impedance node in the bandgap reference circuit. Any significant loading on this node will cause a change on the regulated output voltage. For this reason, DC leakage current through this pin must be kept as low as possible for best output voltage accuracy. The types of capacitors best suited for the noise bypass capacitor are ceramic and film.

Unlike many other LDO's, addition of a noise reduction capacitor does not effect the load transient response of the device. However, it does affect start-up time. The smaller the capacitance value, the quicker the start-up time.

Power Dissipation and Junction Temperature

Specified regulator operation is assured to a junction temperature of 125°C; the maximum junction temperature should be restricted to 125°C under normal operating conditions. This restriction limits the power dissipation the regulator can handle in any given application. To ensure the junction temperature is within acceptable limits, calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$, and the actual dissipation, P_D , which must be less than or equal to $P_{D(max)}$

The maximum-power-dissipation limit is determined using the following equation:

$$P_{D(max)} = \frac{T_J max - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

Where:

 $T_{\rm JMAX}$ is the maximum allowable junction temperature. $R_{\theta JA}$ is the thermal resistance junction-to-ambient for the package

 T_A is the ambient temperature.

The regulator dissipation is calculated using:

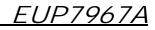
$$P_{D} = (V_{I} - V_{O}) \times I_{O}$$

Power dissipation resulting from quiescent current is negligible. Excessive power dissipation triggers the thermal protection circuit.

Shutdown

The EUP7967A goes into sleep mode when the SHDN pin is in a logic low condition. During this condition, the pass transistor, error amplifier, and bandgap are turned off, reducing the supply current to 60nA typical. The SHDN pin may be directly tied to V_{IN} to keep the part on.





Adjustable Operation

The adjustable version of the EUP7967A has an output voltage range of 1.2V to 4.5V. The output voltage of the EUP7967A adjustable regulator is programmed using an external resistor divider as shown in Figure3. The output voltage is calculated using:

$$V_{O} = V_{ref} \times (1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2})$$

Where:

Vref= 1.2V typ. (the internal reference voltage)

Utilize the following equation for adjusting the output to a particular voltage:

$$\mathbf{R}_1 = \mathbf{R}_2 \left[\frac{\mathbf{V}_0}{1.2\mathbf{V}} - 1 \right]$$

Choose R2=50k to optimize accuracy, power supply rejection, noise and power consumption.

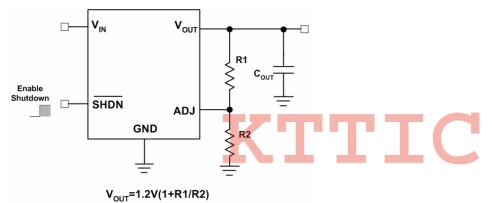


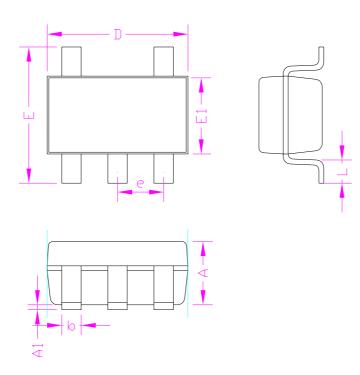
Figure3. Adjustable Regulator with Resistors



<u>EUP7967A</u>

Packaging Information

SOT23-5



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SYMBOLS	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
А	-	1.30	-	0.052	
A1	0.00	0.15	0.000	0.006	
D	2.90		0.114		
E1	1.60		0.063		
Е	2.60	3.00	0.102	0.118	
L	0.30	0.60	0.012	0.024	
b	0.30	0.50	0.012	0.020	
e	0.95		0.037		